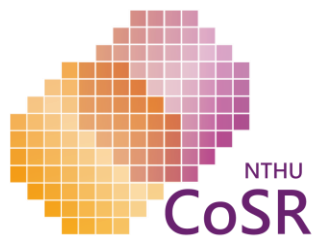


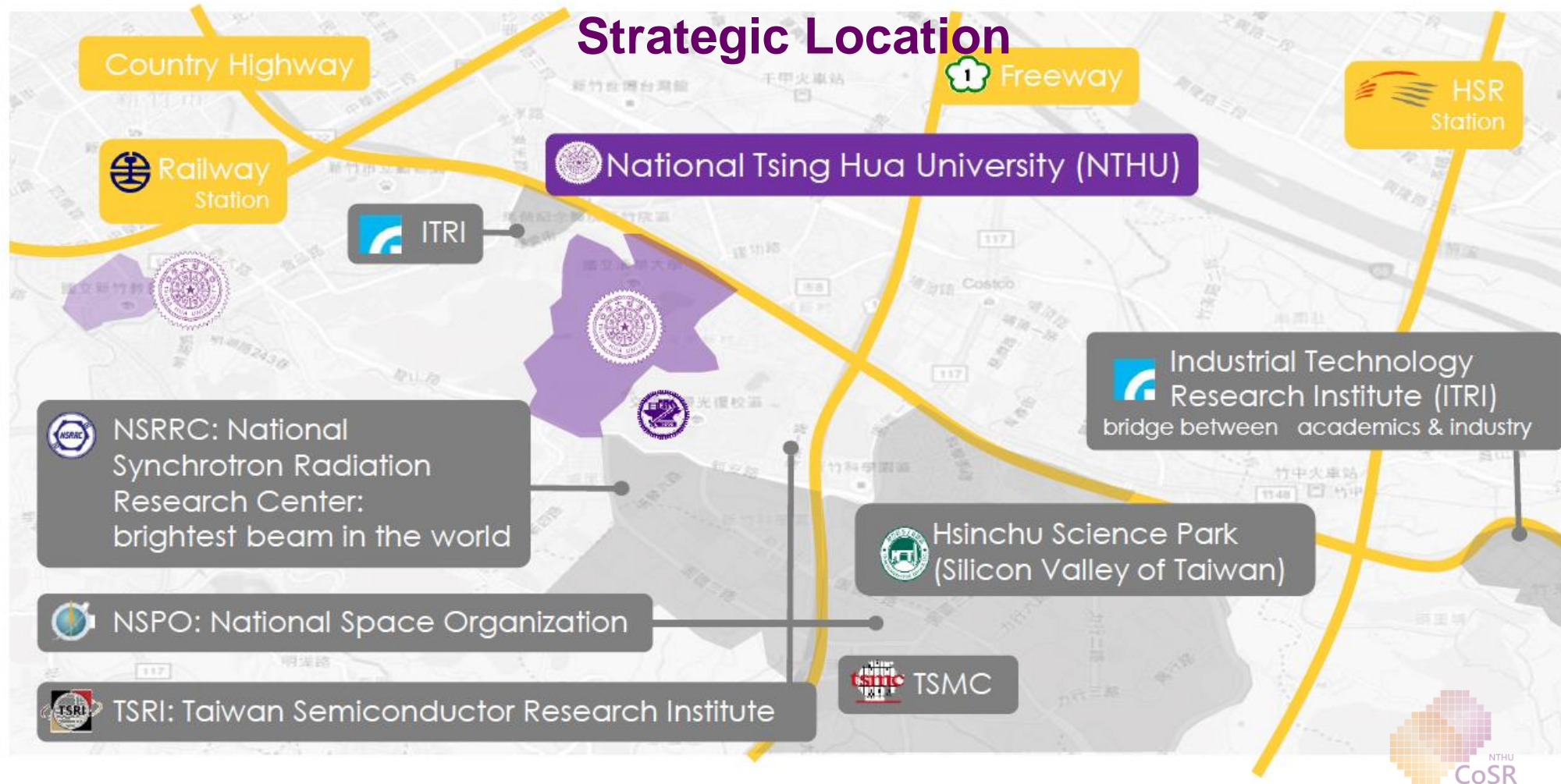
Introduction to **College of Semiconductor Research** **(CoSR)**

National Tsinghua University (NTHU)

Chih-Huang Lai (賴志煌)



國立清華大學
半導體研究學院
College of Semiconductor Research



NTHU is located in Hsinchu City, which is located in the northern Taiwan with an hour drive to Taipei, is surrounded by world-class national laboratories and industries. Hsinchu is also referred to as the science city, the high-tech hub, and the Silicon Valley of Taiwan.

CoSR Half Funded by Government & Half by 12 Semiconductor Companies (2022/4)



CoSR Organization Structure

Dean

Burn J. Lin (林本堅)

NAE, IEEE fellow,
Academia Sinica
Academician



Associate Dean

C.H. Lai(賴志煌)

Chair Professor
IEEE fellow



4 Departments

Device



C.J. Lin
林崇榮

Design



J.J. Liou
劉靖家

Material



S.Y. Chang
張守一

Process



T.S. Gau
高蔡勝

Student Numbers

PHD	Applied		Admitted		In CoSR
	Early Selection	Exam	Screen	Exam	
2022	20	9	14	6	14
2023	10	7	7	4	15
2024	11		7		-
Master	Applied		Admitted		In CoSR
2022	408		80		64
2023	602		80		77
2024	561		80		-
International	Applied		Admitted		In CoSR
	P	M	P	M	
2023(1 st half)	3	8	1	0	1(P)
2023(2 nd half)	1	7	1	0	0
2024(1 st half)	4	4	3	2	-

1. PHD Students 29
(1 international)

2. Master Students 141
(0 international)

Faculty

	Full-time Professors	Joint Professors in NTHU	Joint Professors from Industry
Numbers	6	93	9
Remarks	Majority from retired experienced experts (20+ yrs) from industry (TSMC, Synopsys)	From other departments, Electronic Eng, Materials Sci, Chemical Eng, Physics, Chemistry,...etc	From NTU, NSYU, TSRI, ITRI, SRRC, University or research organization

Education Guideline : Training Semiconductor Leaders



: **Basic
Scientific
Training**

+

**Device
Design
Process
Materials**

+

**Device
Design
Process
Materials**

+



Specialist

Generalist

**Dynamic
Innovator**

Problem Solving !

Course Structure

Design

Device

Material

Process

Required

Introduction

Device

Material

Process

Introduction

Design

Material

Process

Introduction

Design

Device

Process

Introduction

Design

Device

Material

Design specific

Digital

EDA

Analog, RF, Mix-Signal

AI & Signal Processing

Device specific

Device Physics

MEMS

Memory

Sensors

Power devices

Devices Exp.

High Freq.

Material specific

Material Kinetics

Material Analysis

Polymer

Functional Material

Material Analysis

Process specific

Process integration

Lithography

Module Technology

Packaging

Required & Selective

Course-Industry Professors



TSMC VP
Michael Wu (吳顯揚)
Advanced Device



ASML VP
Anthony Yen (嚴濤南)
「EUV Principle」



TSMC VP
Doug Yu (余振華)
「Nanometer Packaging」



PSMC CTO
SZ Chang (張守仁)
「Process Integration」



KLA Director
Q. Zhao (趙強)
「Advanced Metrology」



TSMC Director
KC Yee (余國寵)
「Nanometer Packaging」



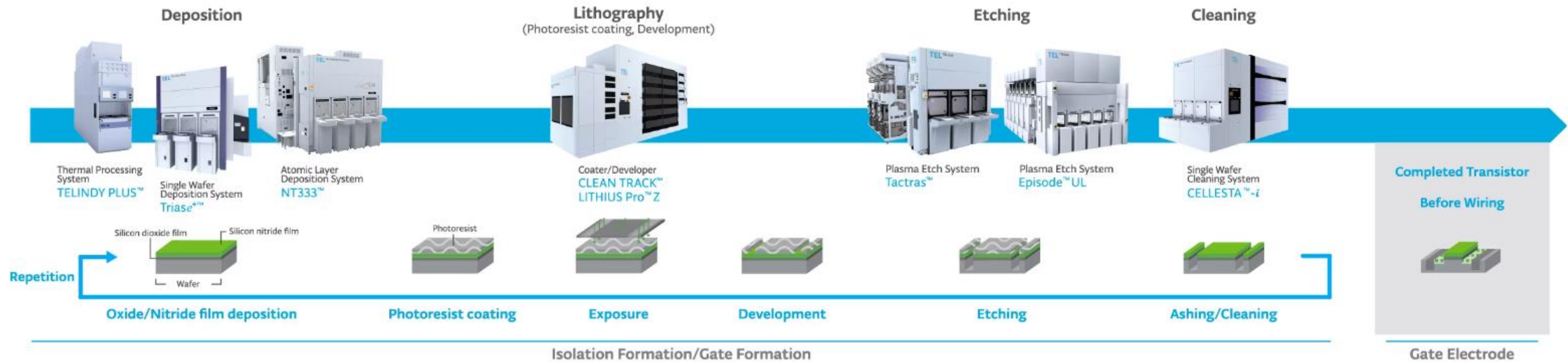
TEL Senior VP
Peter Loewenhardt
「Litho、Etch、Film、Clean、Tool & Control」



ASML Senior Director
CK Chang (陳俊光)
「Litho、Etch、Film、Clean、Tool & Control」

Hand-on Education

Pictures from TEL website



Practical course of FinFET Process Fabrication – TSRI 8” production line

DRAM Theory, Practice and Manufacturing – Micron Taiwan FAB

Internship to industry FAB – TSMC, PSMC, UMC,

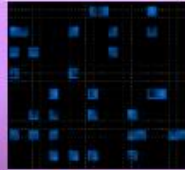
RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS OF FOUR DEPARTMENTS

Process Department



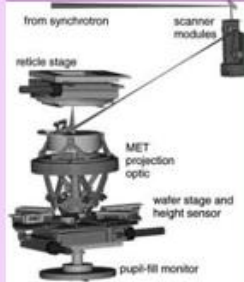
Burn J. Lin, Dean of CoSR
Academician, Academia Sinica
US NAE Member,
IEEE Fellow, SPIE Fellow
Nanolithography

Layout Design
e-beam process
3D simulation
OPC



Goal: Patterning world smallest logic contact-hole pitch (< 30nm)

Berkeley EUV

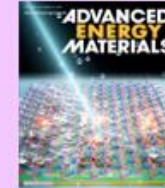


ASML

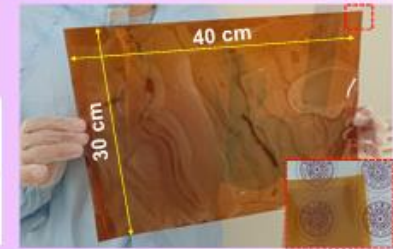
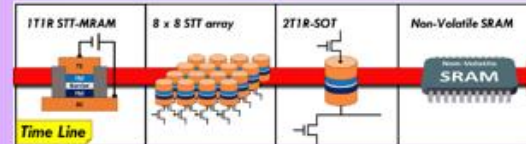
Mask scheme optimization
Mask blank acquisition

Materials Department

MRAM RAMA memory cells
2D materials
High-k and interconnect
Packaging



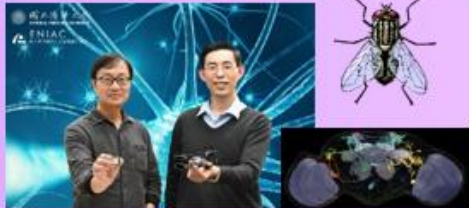
nature materials



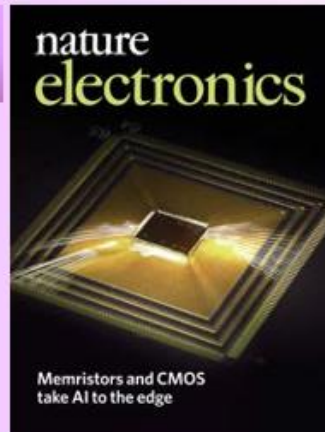
Design Department

CMOS-integrated compute-in-memory based on RRAM for AI edge devices.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) Chips



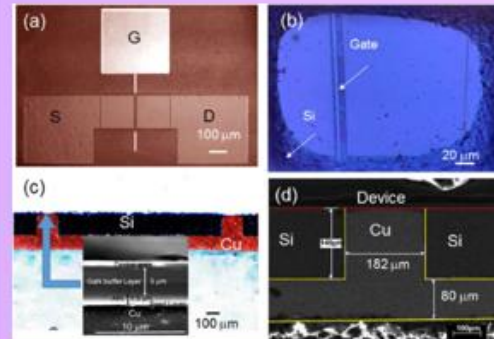
nature electronics



Memristors and CMOS take AI to the edge

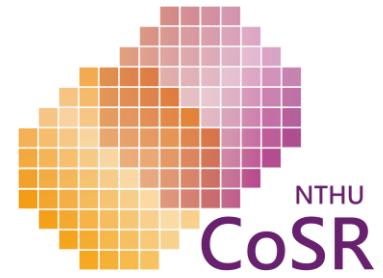
Device Department

Power Semiconductor
Advanced VLSI devices
Memory Technology
MEMS Chips



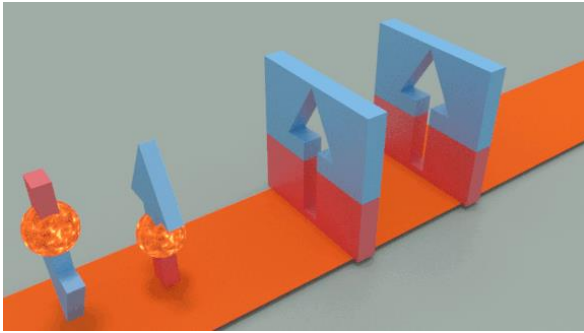
Possible Collaboration

1. Exchange of students and faculty members
2. Co-advising graduate students with scholarship
3. Special programs on specific topics (HsinChu and Kaohsiung)

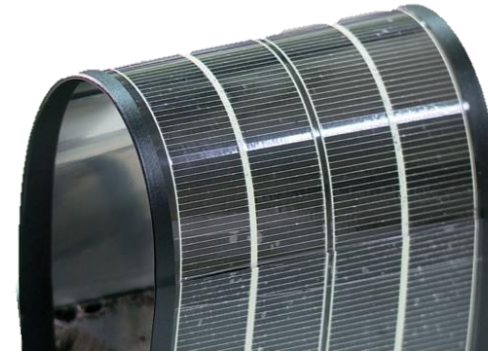


Thank you !

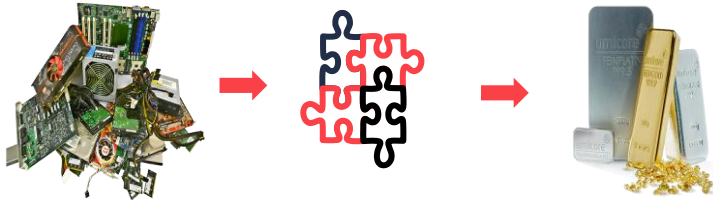
Research in Lai's group



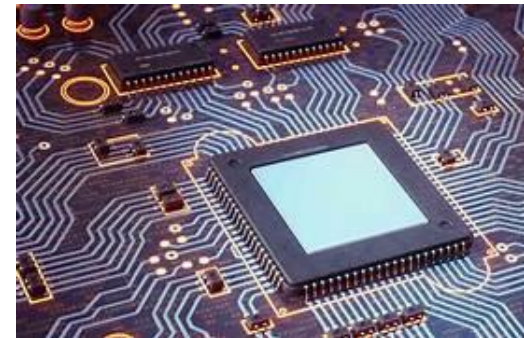
Spintronics (MRAM)



Solar cells



Material sustainability



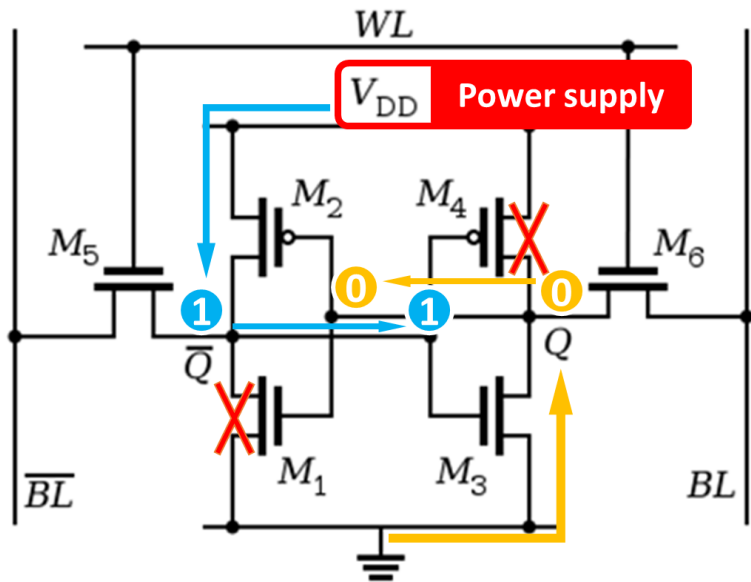
Semiconductor materials

2 post-docs, 12 Ph.D. students, 12 master students (total 7 international members)

• **DRAM:**



• **SRAM:**



Memory unit cell

DRAM

Charge leakage, more power consumption

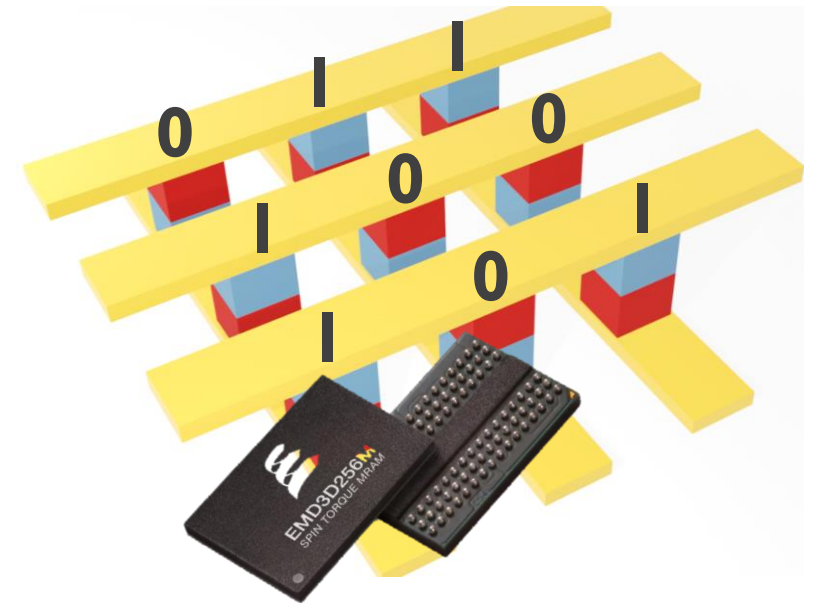
SRAM

Need continuous power supply

MRAM

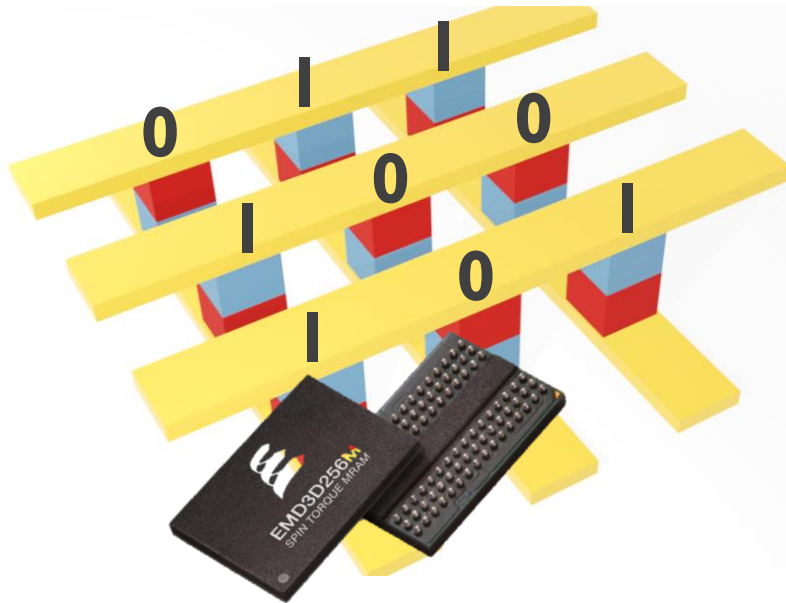
Stable polarity, "non-volatile".

• **MRAM:**



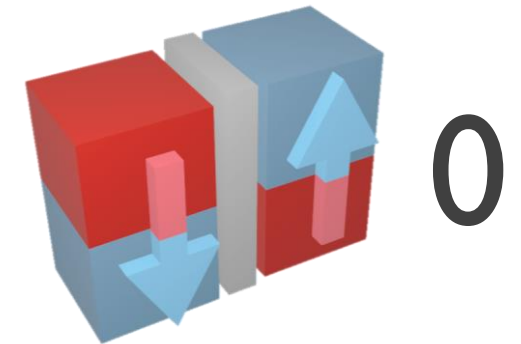
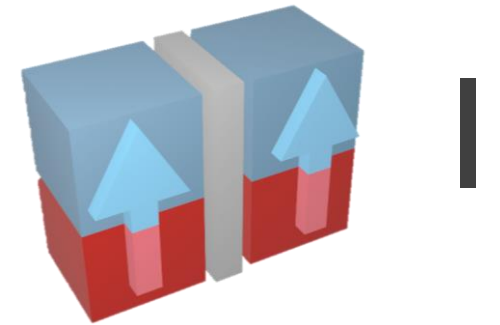
Memory unit cell

- **MRAM:**



MRAM

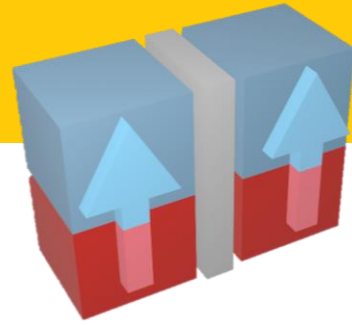
Unit cell:
Magnetic Tunneling Junction



Magnetic Tunnelling Junction

MRAM

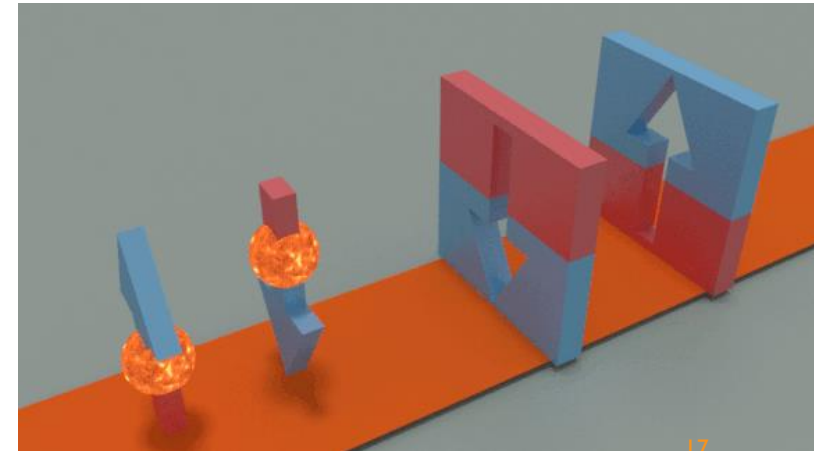
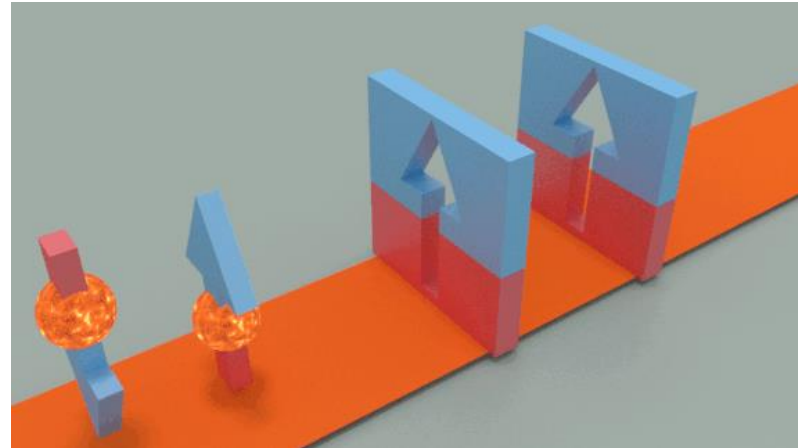
MTJ: use Spins,
instead of Charges



1



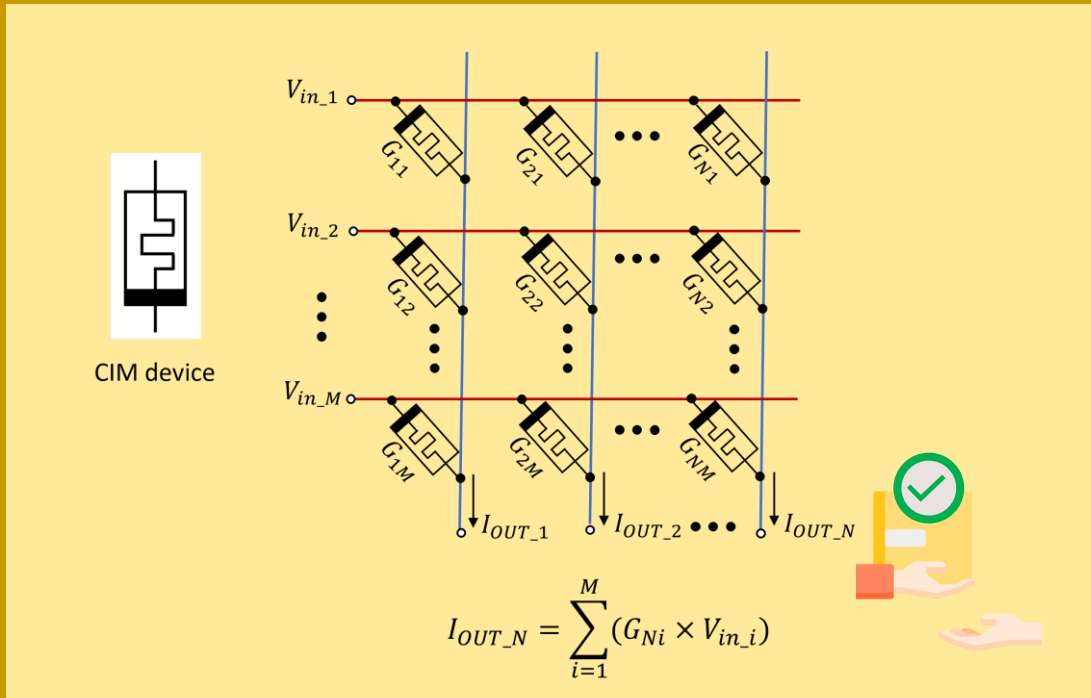
0



MRAM-CIM

CIM (Computing In Memory), A new computing concept inspired by human brain cells, was proposed to address Von Neumann bottleneck.

It **saves time by minimizing data transit** and **significantly reduces power consumption**.



Edge computing

Endpoint devices produce huge amount of data
→ cloud server unable to sustain computing workload.

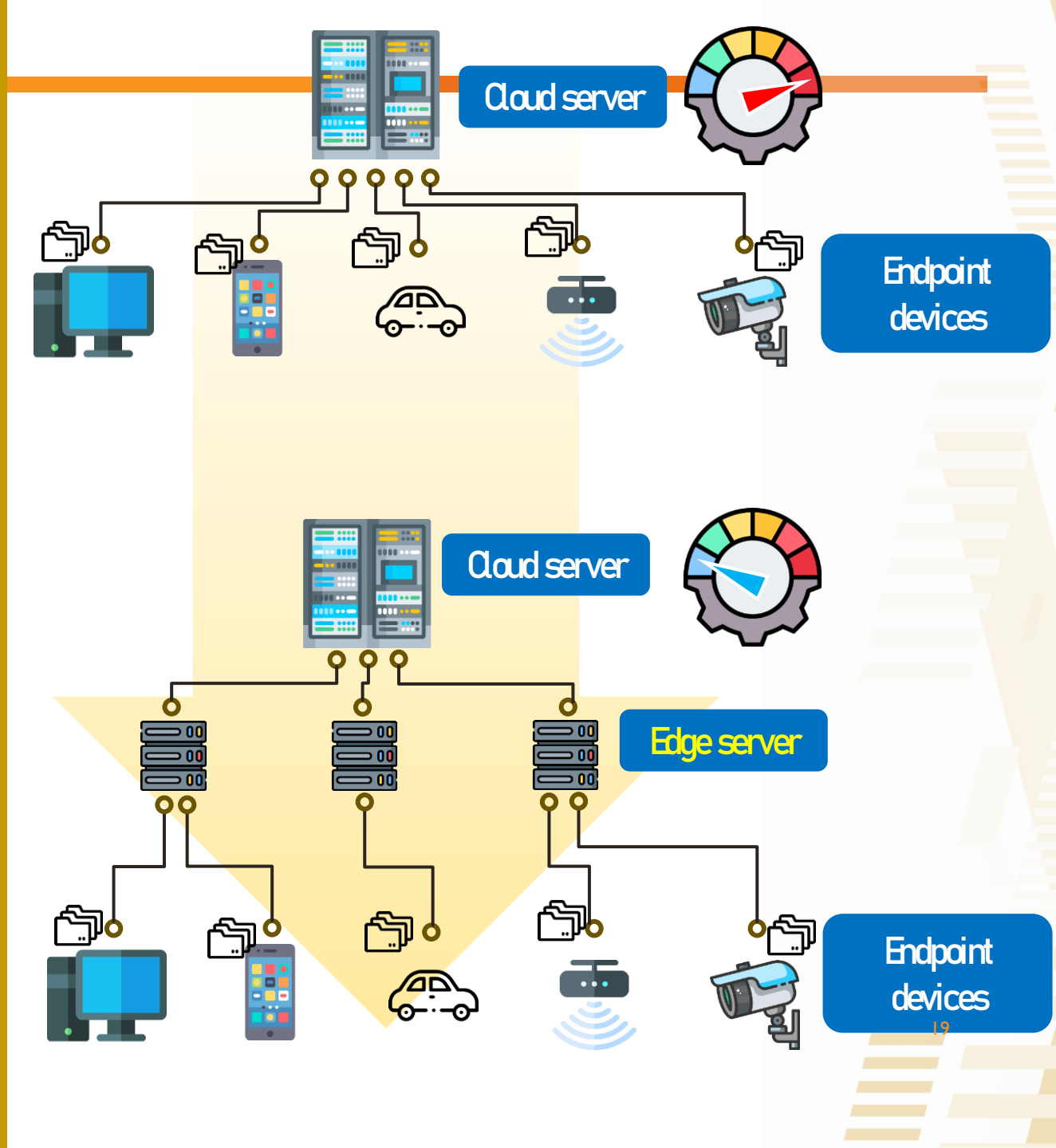
Edge servers help to share the workload and return non-immediacy data to cloud servers

Memory for Edge Server

- High speed
- Low energy consumption
- Endurance
- Non-volatile

Application

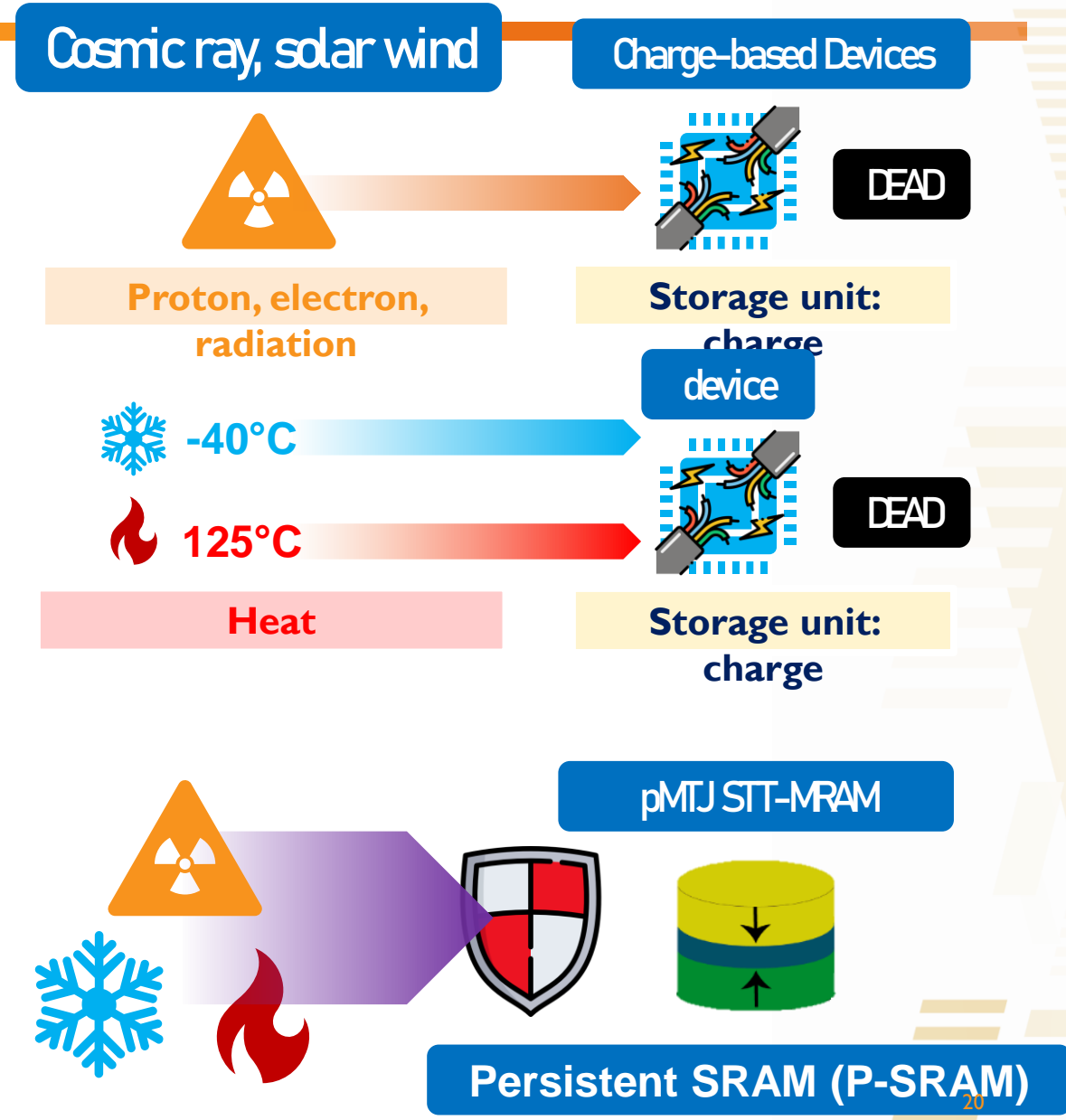
- IoT
- AR/VR
- Autonomous vehicle
- Intelligent factory
- Sensor



MRAM-Avionics

Avalanche Technology's **Persistent SRAM** is a type of **MRAM** that can operate successfully in harsh environments.

P-SRAM (MRAM)	Parallel x32 (Gen 3)	Serial D-QSPI (Gen 3)
Densities	1Gb, 2Gb, 4Gb, 8Gb	1Gb, 2Gb, 4Gb, 8Gb
Voltages	3.0V (2.70V to 3.60V)	3.0V (2.70V to 3.60V)
Package	142-ball FBGA	96-ball FBGA
Temperature Ranges	Space-Grade (-40°C to 125°C)	Space-Grade (-40°C to 125°C)



MRAM Automobiles

MRAM will bring revolution to **memory** and **advanced processors** of automobile.



Memory

High speed

Long cycle life

Endurance

Flash



1 min

MRAM



3 s

X20

MRAM



>10⁶ Update cycles

MRAM



150°C
20 years



Level 3 Cache



SRAM

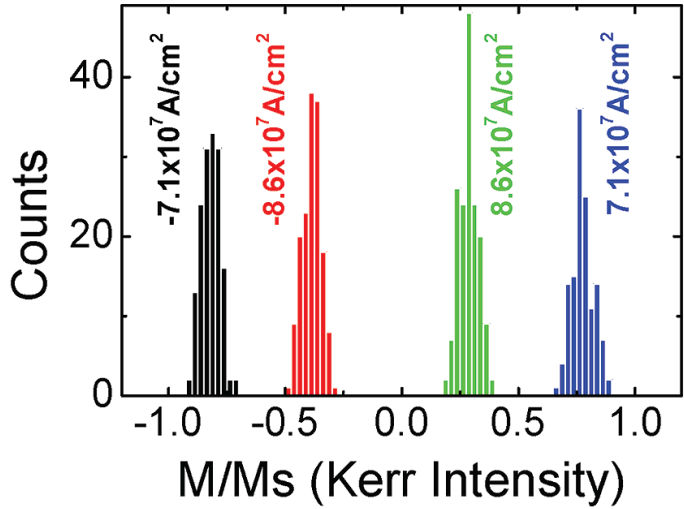
- Low bit density
- Power consumption



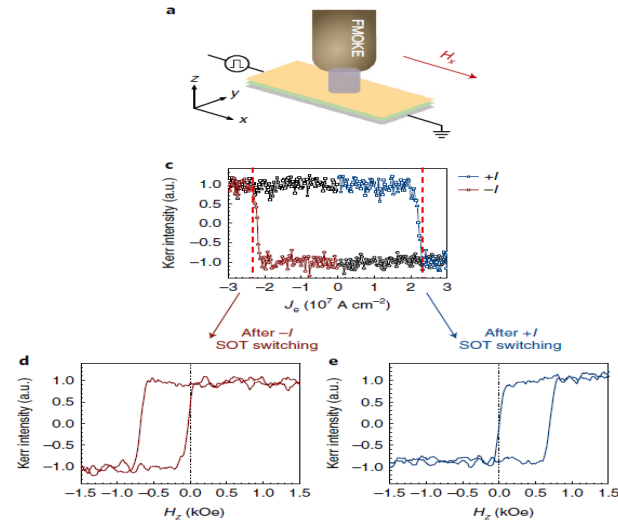
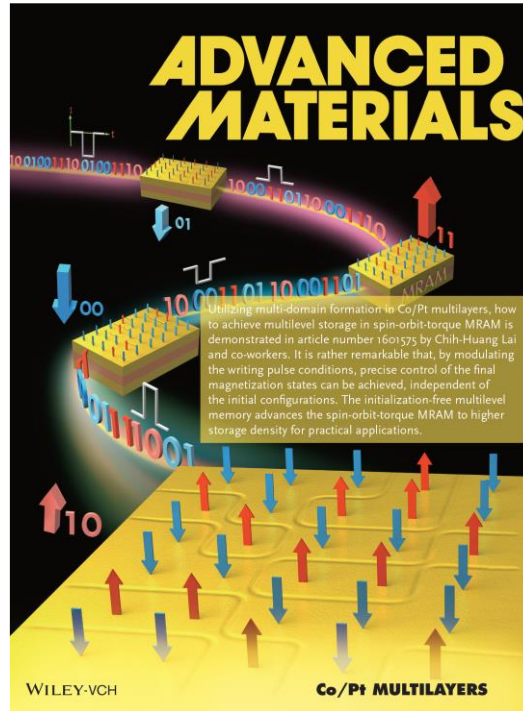
MRAM

- Higher bit density
- Non-volatile

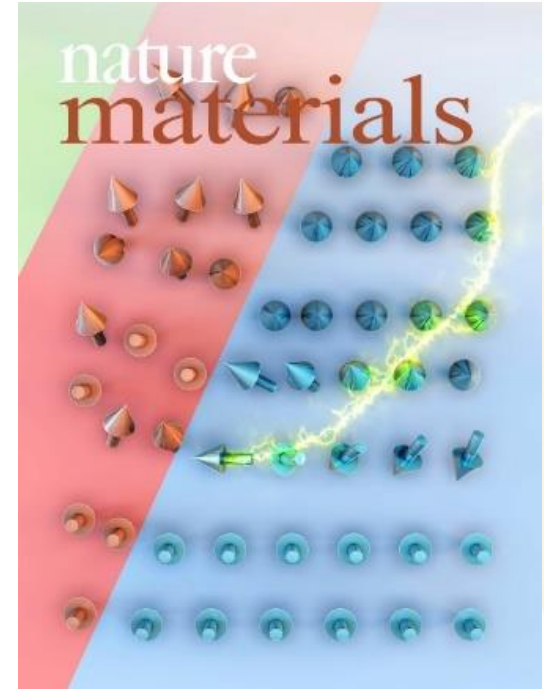




Advanced Materials, 2018



Nature Materials, 2019



Cu(In,Ga)Se₂ (CIGS) Thin Film Solar Cell

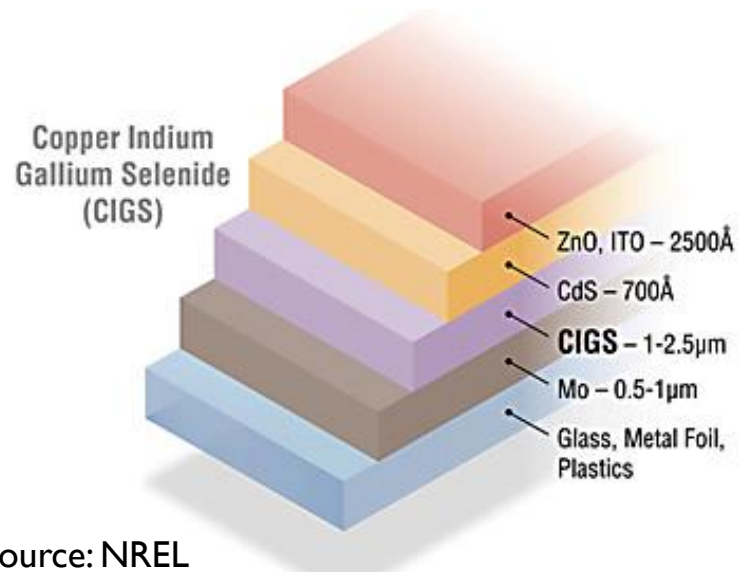


What is Solar Cell?

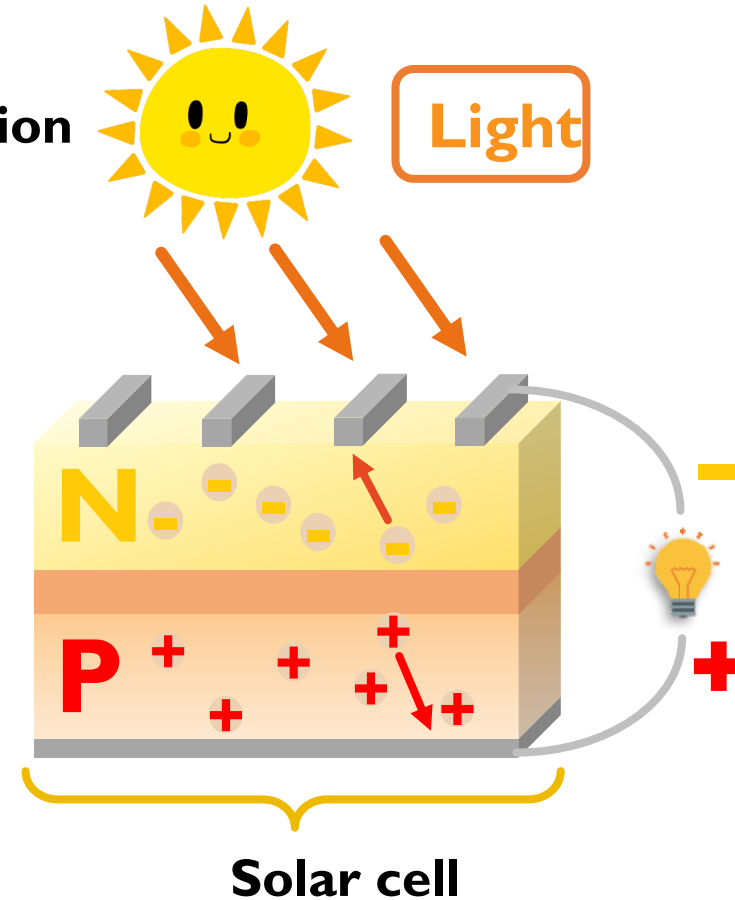


- **Conversion efficiency, η**
→ **Indicator of power generation**

□ Structure of solar cell



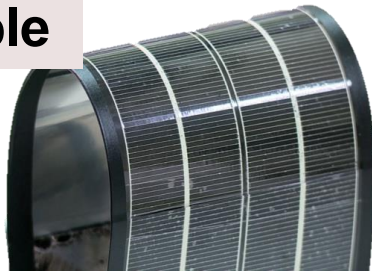
Source: NREL



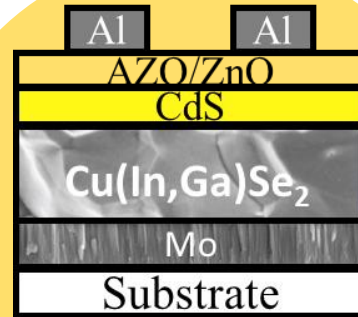
CIGS Solar Cell

□ Why we choose $\text{Cu}(\text{In,Ga})\text{Se}_2$ (CIGS) solar cell ?

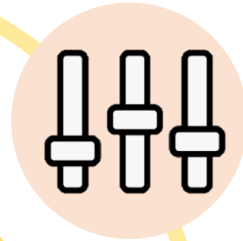
Thin and flexible



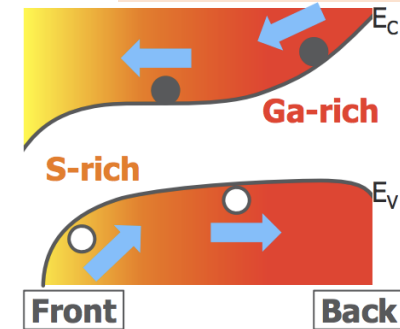
Solar Frontier



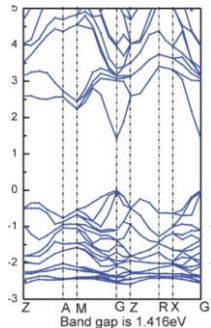
CIGS



Tunable band structure



Energy Environ. Sci., 2017, 10, 1306-1319

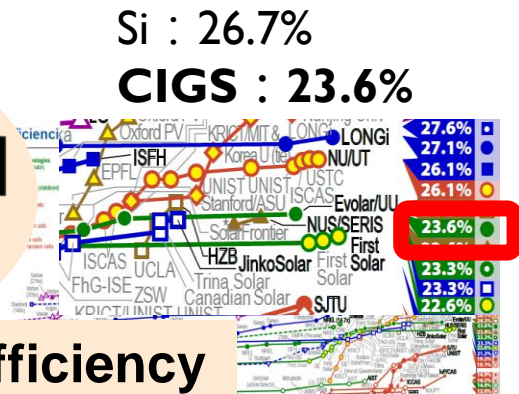


Direct band gap

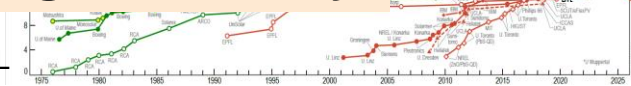
AIP ADVANCES 4, 087118 (2014)



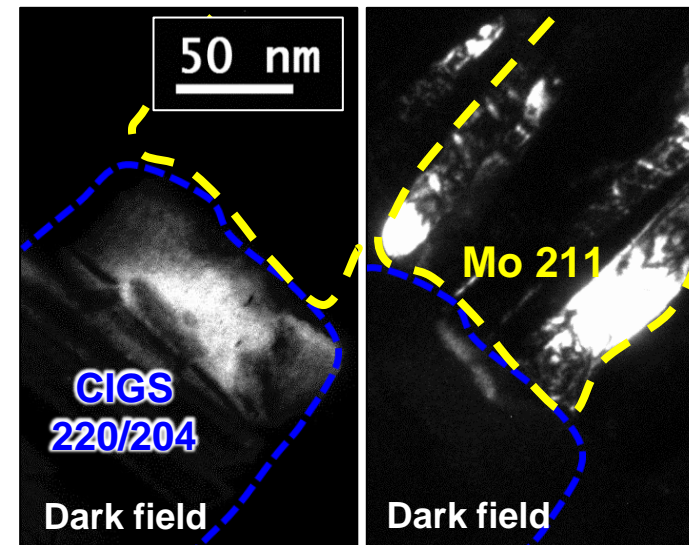
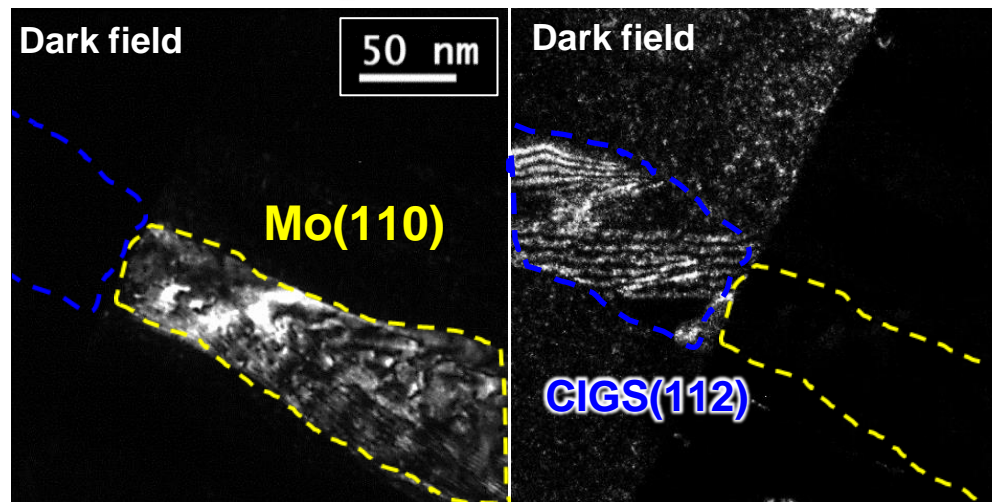
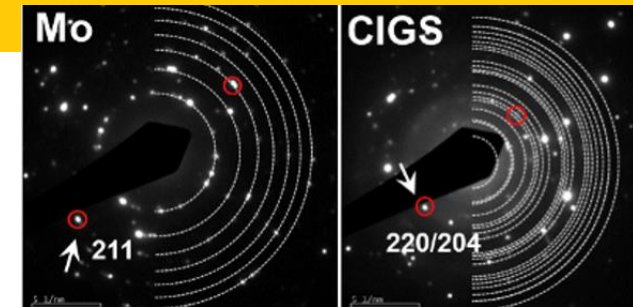
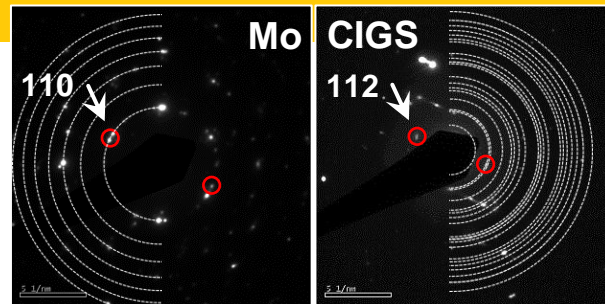
High efficiency



NREL



EPITAXIAL GROWTH BETWEEN CIGS & MO

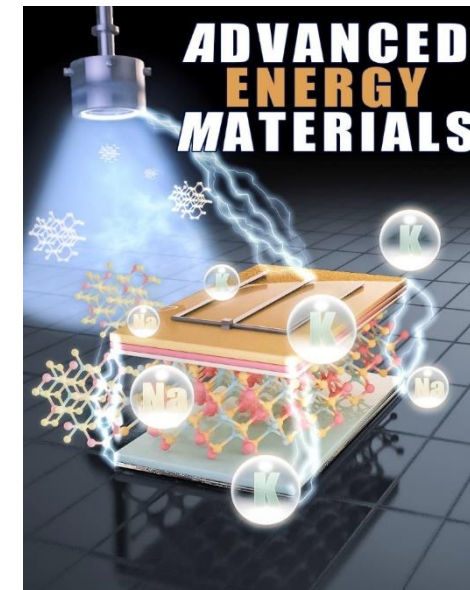
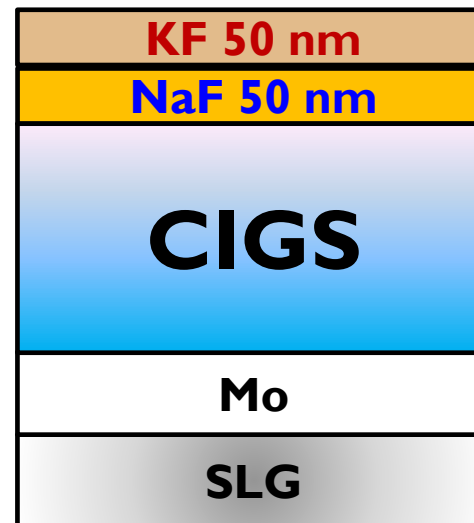
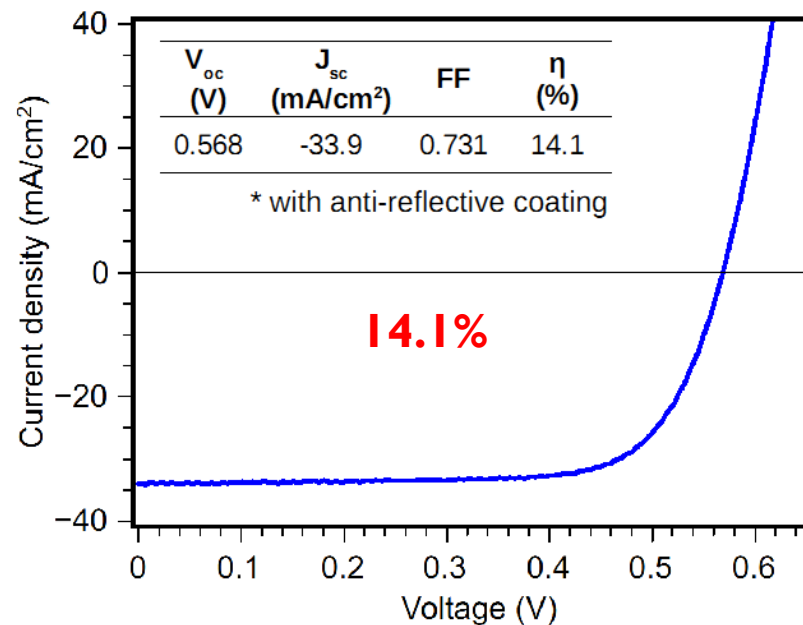


Mo: 3 mtorr

Mo: 7 mtorr



COMBINATION OF NAF AND KF

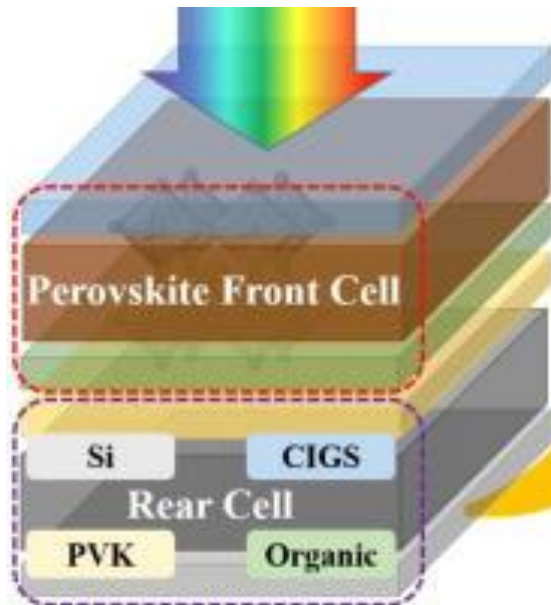


First published: 17 February 2017

Hsu & Lai, Adv. Energy Mater. DOI: 10.1002/aenm.201602571 (2017)



Multi-junction (Tandem) Solar Cell

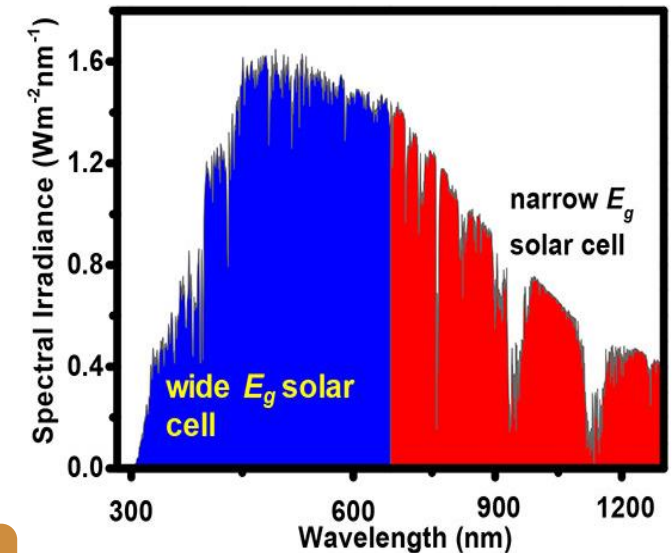


To further increase the PCE of solar cells beyond Shockley-Quiesser limit

Combine different absorbers with complementary bandgaps

Wide-bandgap active layer harvests high-energy photons

narrow-bandgap active layer captures low-energy photons





**Development of Recycling Technologies
for Net Zero Emission and Resource Sustainability**

Recycling Technologies

Hydrometallurgy

- Lithium-ion batteries

Electrometallurgy

- Rare-earth magnets
- Tungsten alloys

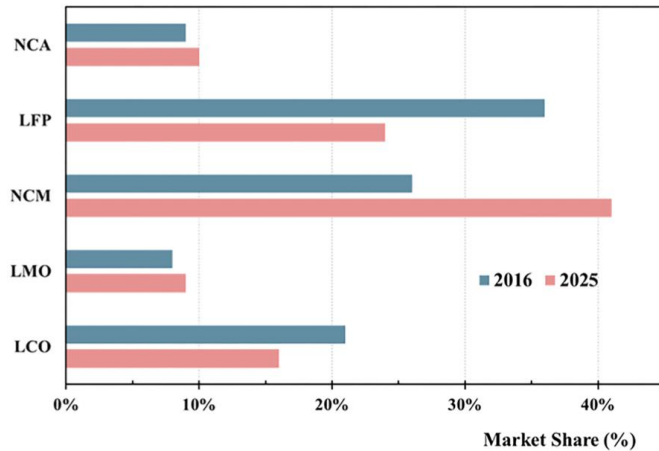
Pyrometallurgy

- Liquid crystal displays



Hydrometallurgy for Lithium-ion batteries

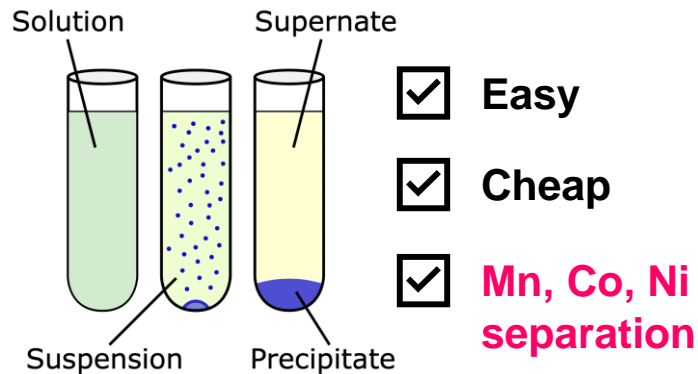
● For all types LIBs



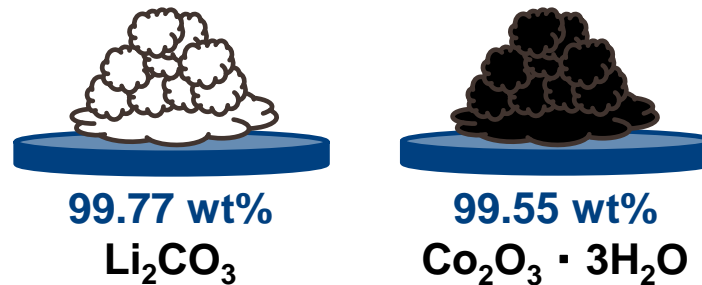
Chem. Rev. 2020, 120, 7020-7063.



● Absolute chemical precipitation



● High purity Li & Co products



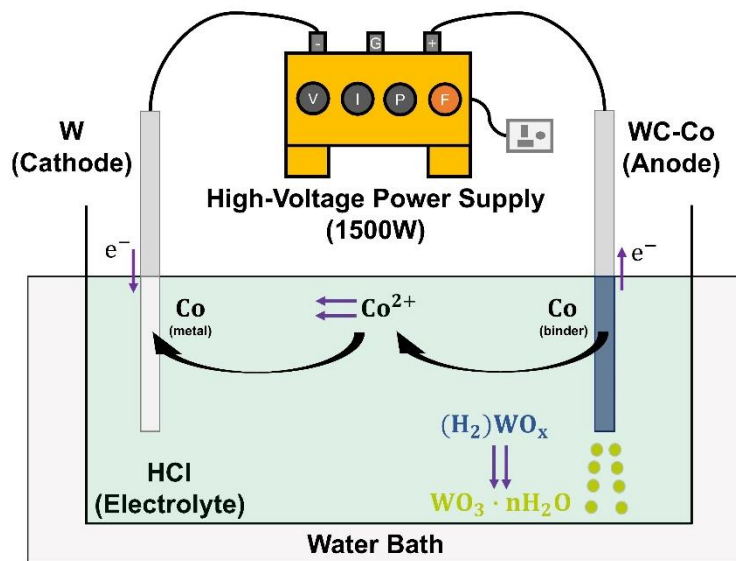
● Low cost



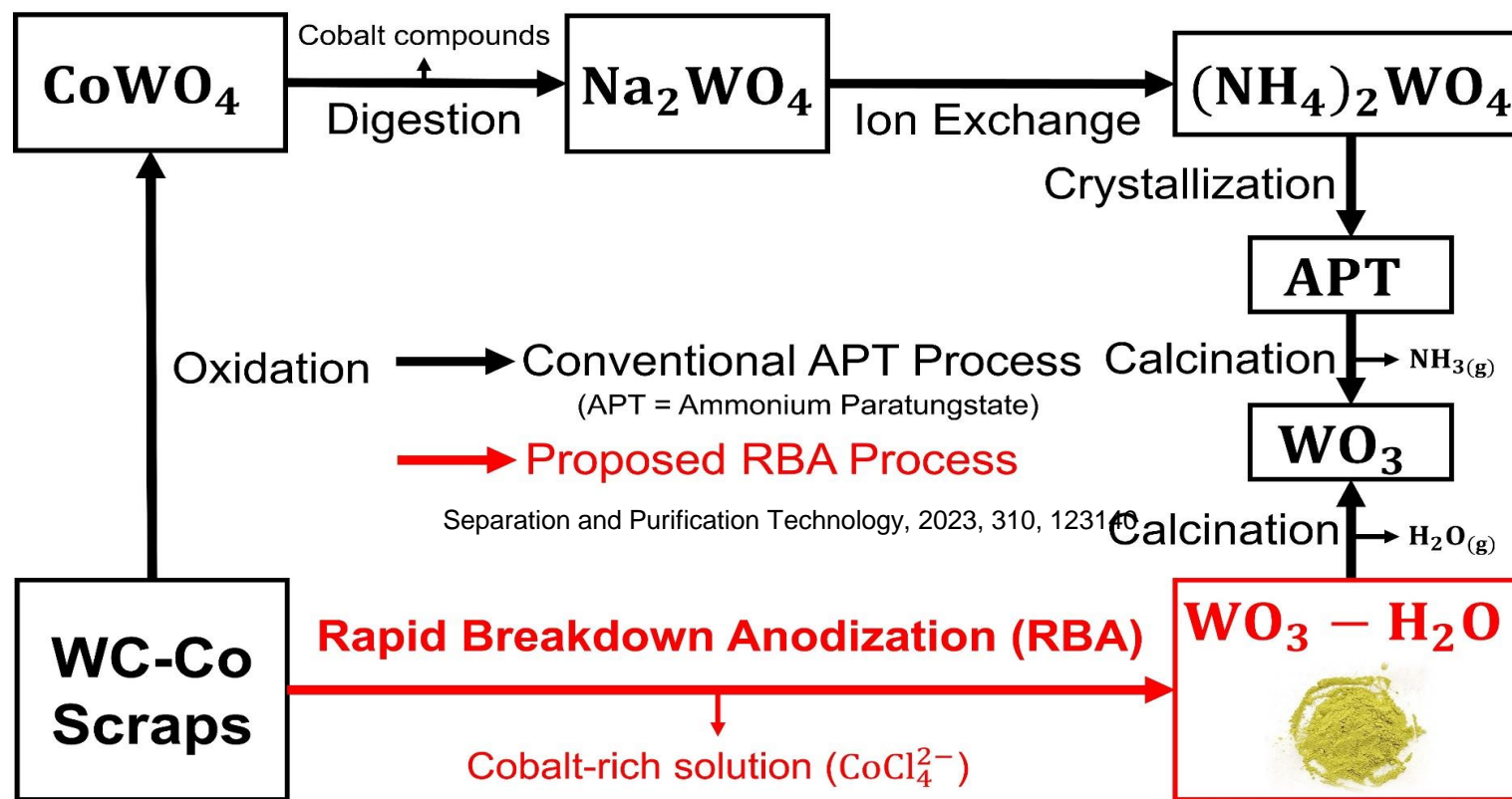
*LIBs = lithium-ion batteries

Electrometallurgy for Tungsten alloys

Tungsten Alloys (WC-Co, W-Ti...)



Electrometallurgy (ex. RBA)

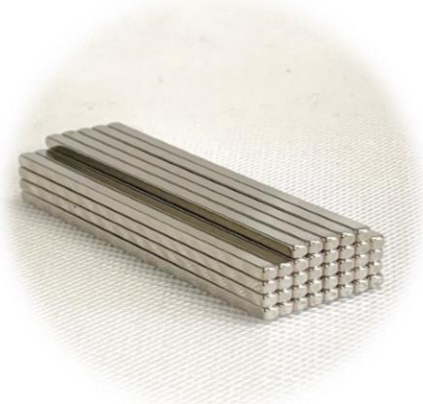
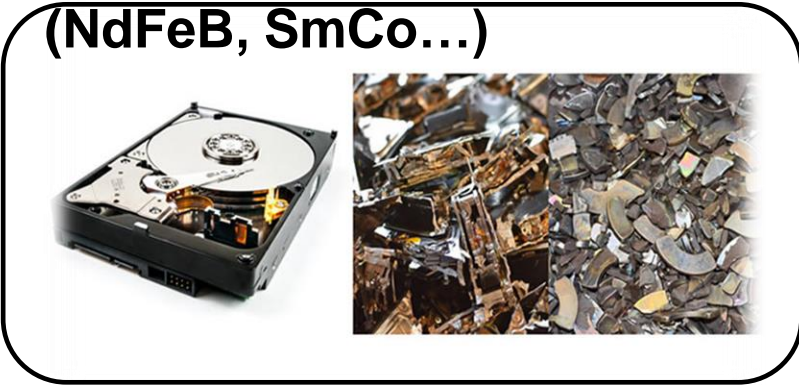


High Purity, High Efficiency, High Flexibility

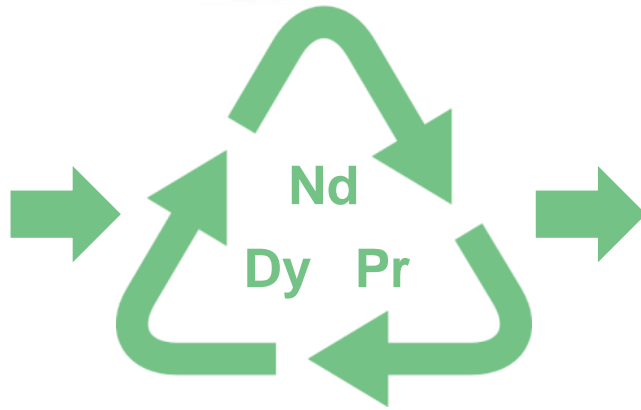


Electrometallurgy for Rare-earth magnets

Permanent Magnets (NdFeB, SmCo...)



Commercial Magnets
(NdFeB)

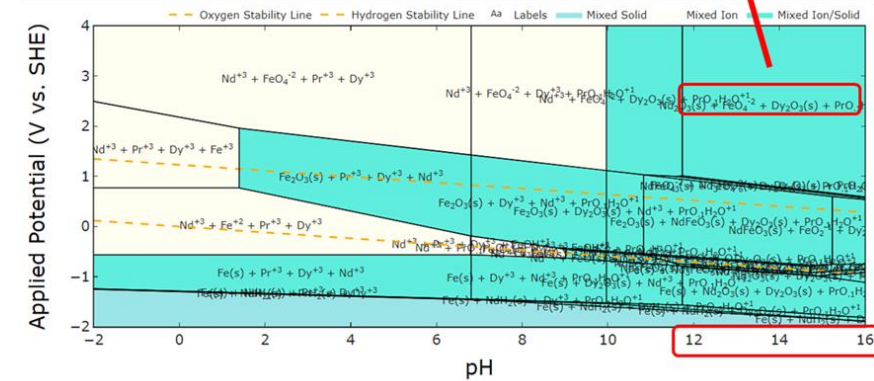
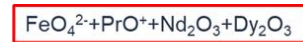


Electrometallurgy



Rare-earth Oxides
(Nd_2O_3 , Dy_2O_3 , Pr_2O_3)

Theoretical Prediction



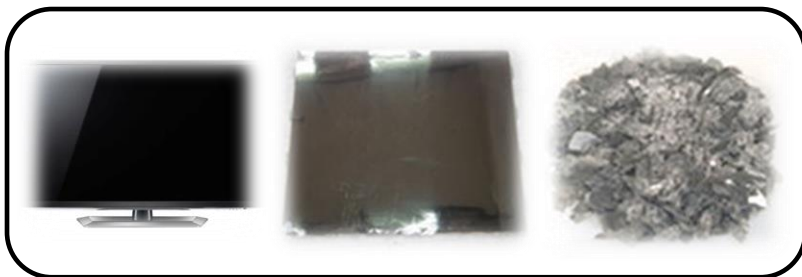
Advantages:

- ✓ Low-Carbon Materials
- ✓ Cut Costs of Recycling
- ✓ Process Time Reduction



Pyrometallurgy for Liquid crystal displays

Liquid crystal displays (ex. In-Sn oxide, ITO)



♣ Endanger elements

THE PERIODIC TABLE'S ENDANGERED ELEMENTS

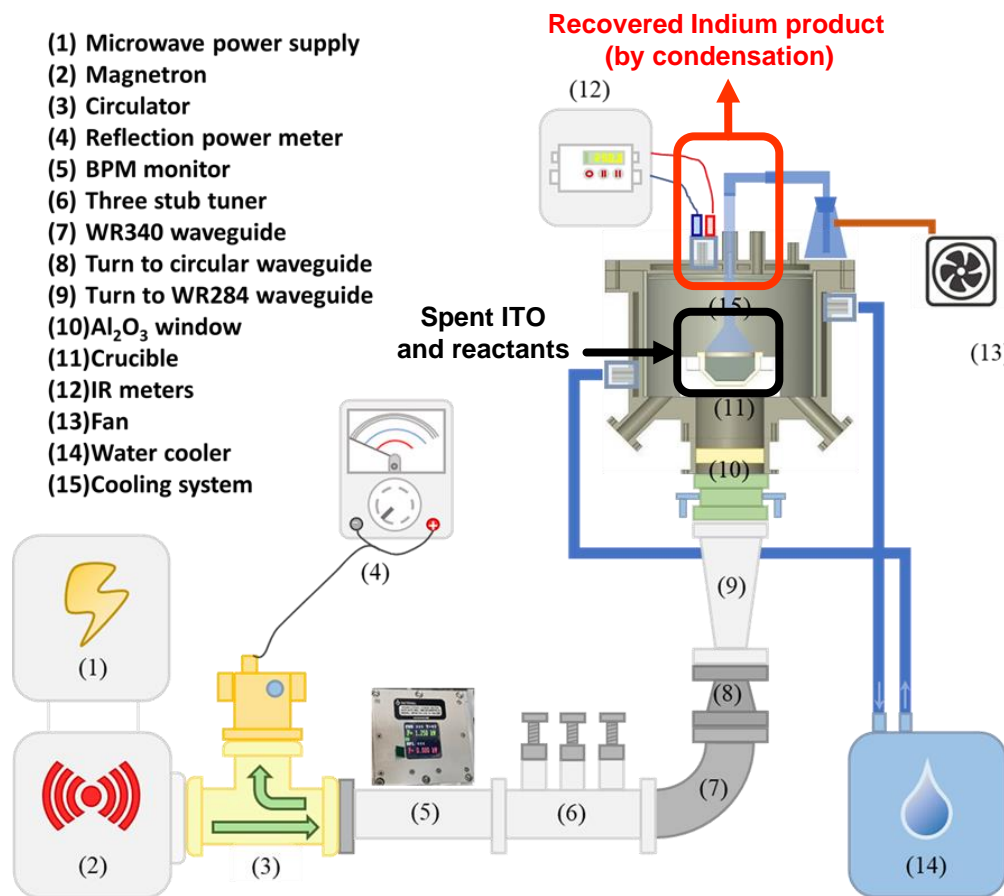
		Limited availability, future risk to supply																Rising threat from increased use										Serious threat in the next 100 years																																																																																																																																																																															
1	H	3	Li	4	Be	5	B	6	C	7	N	8	O	9	F	10	Ne	11	Na	12	Mg	13	Al	14	Si	15	P	16	S	17	Cl	18	Ar	19	K	20	Ca	21	Sc	22	Ti	23	V	24	Cr	25	Mn	26	Fe	27	Co	28	Ni	29	Cu	30	Zn	31	Ga	32	Ge	33	As	34	Se	35	Br	36	Kr	37	Rb	38	Sr	39	Y	40	Zr	41	Nb	42	Mo	43	Tc	44	Ru	45	Rh	46	Pd	47	Ag	48	Cd	49	In	50	Sn	51	Sb	52	Te	53	I	54	Xe	55	Cs	56	Ba	57-71	La	58	Ce	59	Pr	60	Nd	61	Pm	62	Sm	63	Eu	64	Gd	65	Tb	66	Dy	67	Ho	68	Er	69	Tm	70	Yb	71	Lu	72	Hf	73	Ta	74	W	75	Re	76	Os	77	Ir	78	Pt	79	Au	80	Hg	81	Tl	82	Pb	83	Bi	84	Po	85	At	86	Rn	87	Fr	88	Ra	89-103	Ac	90	Th	91	Pa	92	U	93	Np	94	Pu	95	Am	96	Cm	97	Bk	98	Cf	99	Es	100	Fm	101	Md	102	No	103	Lr

49 In Indium

Source: Chemistry Innovation Knowledge Transfer Network

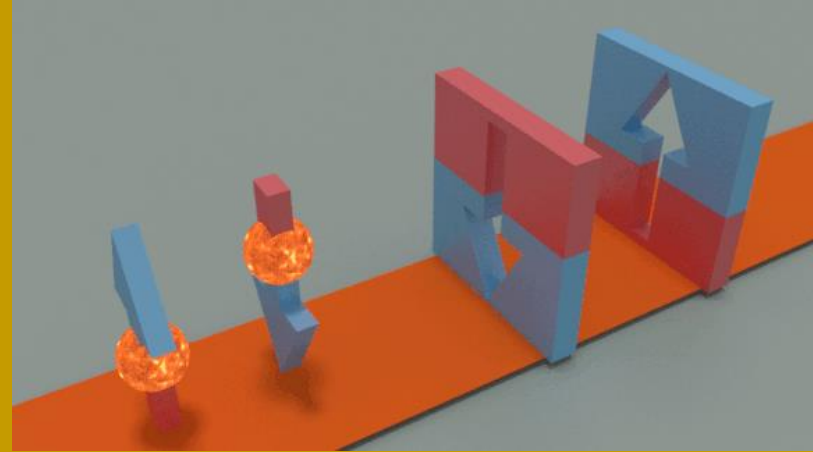
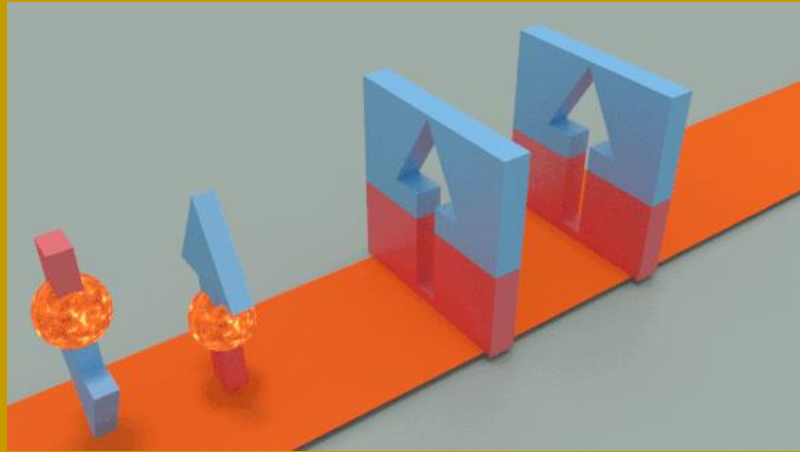
♣ Microwave-assisted approach

- (1) Microwave power supply
- (2) Magnetron
- (3) Circulator
- (4) Reflection power meter
- (5) BPM monitor
- (6) Three stub tuner
- (7) WR340 waveguide
- (8) Turn to circular waveguide
- (9) Turn to WR284 waveguide
- (10) Al₂O₃ window
- (11) Crucible
- (12) IR meters
- (13) Fan
- (14) Water cooler
- (15) Cooling system



Advantages:

- ✓ Fast and Selective heating
- ✓ Enhanced reactivity
- ✓ High energy efficiency
- ✓ Overall cost effectiveness



Thank you
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